## SAE J3068<sup>™</sup> 3-phase AC charging update



Oct 2017 EPRI Truck and Bus meeting, Jim McLaughlin

Why was J3068 created? One coupler, many ratings, avoid different mechanical keys for every voltage/current:

2					2.001	F 1 3 4	-405					
125V			2 PUL 250V			277VAC			480VAC		600VAC	
154	20A	304	15A	20A	30A	15A	20A	30A	20A	30A	20A	30A
L5-15	L5-20	L5-30	L6-15	L6-20	L6-30	L7-15	L7-20	L7-30	L8-20	L8-30	L9-20	L9-30
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3 POLE / 4 WIRE							4 POLE / 5 WIRE					
125/250V		3p 250∨		3p 480∨		600V	3p 120/208∨		3p 277/480∨		3p 347/600∨	
20A	30A	20A	304	20A	30A	304	20A	30A	20A	304	20A	304
L14-20	L14-30	L15-20	L15-30	L16-20	L16-30	L17-30	121-20	L21-30	1.22-20	L22-30	L23-20	L23-30
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Use digital communication to signal voltage, current, phases, etc.

#### J1772 goal was similar, but only one phase and no voltage signal

		GENERAL - PURPOSE NONLOCKING PLUGS AND RECEPTACLES										
		15 AMPERE		20 AMPERE		30 AMPERE		50 AMPERE		60 AMPERE		
		RECEPTACLE	PLUG	RECEPTACLE	PLUG	RECEPTACLE	PLUG	RECEPTACLE	PLUG	RECEPTACLE	PLUG	
125V	1	002 1-15R	001 1-15P									
250V	2		2-15P	003 2-20R	003 2-20P	2-30R	2-30P					
125V	5	013 5-15R	013 5-15P	5-20R	064 5-20P	5-30R	5-30P	5-50R	5-50P			
250V	6	014 6-15R	014 6-15P	6-20R	068 6-20P	6-30R	065 6-30P	6-50R	134 6-50P			
277V, A.C	7	7-15R	7-15P	7-20R	7-20P	7-30R	7-30P	7-50R	7-50P			
125/250V	10			10-20R	10-20P	040 10-30R	040 10-30P	10-50R	009 10-50P			
3Ø 250V	11	11-15R	11-15P	11-20R	11-20P	11-30R	11-30P	11-50R	11-50P			
125/250V	14	14-15R	14-15P		119 14-20P		136 14-30P		016 14-50P		14-60P	
3Ø 250V	15	15-15R	15-159	15-20R	15-20P	15-30R	15-30P	15-50R	15-50P		15-60P	
3Ø Y 125/208V	18	18-15R	18-15P	18-20R	18-20P	18-30R	18-30P	18-50R	18-50P	18-60R	18-60P	

### So all J1772 EVs are assumed to handle 120 to 240 VAC. Not enough for trucks and busses.

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# J3068 adopts the European Type 2 coupler, 5 wire with neutral and adds a simple, robust, inexpensive and established datalink:



LIN pulse width is the same as 5% PWM, so filters do not change. Positive waveform amplitude is the same as State B and C. Data rate is just below other established baseband signaling used for DC charging such as J2411. A normal charging session conversation over LIN looks like:

1) Do the EV and SE speak a common version? (SAE = ver 2, IEC = 1)

2) Do they have compatible power? (Voltage, currents, frequency, etc.)



3) Let's charge! Four current limits are signaled. Fault codes are defined

EV & SE can support more than 100 communication/logic versions.

SE can provide more than one AC voltage (i.e. two or three contactors).

Single, 2, & 3 phase support (not high-leg nor corner-ground delta yet)



Fixed loads (refrigerated trailers) supported with required current signal Appendix G summarizes links to all requirements to facilitate verification LIN definition file supplied, facilitates auto generation of Comm layer There are 2 ways to wire three separate chargers to a 3 phase supply:



Consider a hypothetical charger module, input 208 to 346 VAC nominal, shown as resistors. (Voltage ratio is smaller than 2:1 ratio for J1772.) Use "Wye" load topology above for 600/346 or 480/277 VAC supplies.



60% of the power at 35% of the voltage (coupler omitted in this view)

#### Example J3068 power ratings

VAC, Three-phase	IEC Standard Contacts	J3068 Advanced Contacts						
	63A Coupler	100A AC₅ Coupler	120A AC₅ Coupler	160A AC₅ Coupler				
120/208	22.7 kW	36.0 kW	43.2 kW	57.6 kW				
277/480	52.4 kW	83.1 kW	99.7 kW	133 kW				
347/600	65.6 kW	104.1 kW	124.9 kW	166 kW				

Document status: Edition 1 finished, balloting in Hybrid committee

First ballot had no negative votes, but too many abstentions to pass.

Second ballot after minor corrections should finish mid Nov 2017.

Hardware / software being developed at University of Delaware. Many EVSE running earlier specifications are deployed in the field (earlier CAN version developed in IEC 61851-1 Annex D before publication).

Expect a conversion ECU to convert between LIN and PWM to support earlier EV & SE designs that used proprietary connectors or >250 VAC.